

## Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
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TUESDAY, JUNE 3.

Yesterday was a great day for the capital of the territory and for the people of the territory. The dedication of the new capital was a complete success in every way, and the day was simply perfect—a regular Santa Fe day.

There is no commonwealth in the United States that could better this record, and were it not for the fact that comparisons are odious, the New Mexican might cite many instances of the erection and building of state capitols, in the old, rich and populous states of the Union, that could not be credibly compared with the work on and the history of the new capitol of this commonwealth, which is still a territory, although fully prepared, competent and able to conduct a strong, just and permanent state government.

The sentiments expressed by the speakers at the capitol dedication yesterday reflected the prevailing conditions in New Mexico. Patriotism of a high order was exemplified, prosperity felt in every nook and corner of this great commonwealth was referred to, the honesty and the progressiveness of the present administration of territorial affairs was emphasized, and there was not a citizen in that great array that witnessed the ceremonies yesterday who did not feel proud of his territory, and felt convinced in his heart that the next step in the march of prosperity and progress upon which New Mexico has entered will be and ought to be admission to statehood.

**Public Schools.**  
The progress made in the past decade in New Mexico in the cause of public education is a source of great pride to those who have the welfare of the territory at heart. The last annual report of the superintendent of public instruction shows that illiteracy is decreasing at a rapid rate, and that every section of the commonwealth maintains good public schools. It is true, there is still room for improvement, as there is in every other part of the United States, but the results thus far attained would have been deemed impossible some years ago. The schools of Santa Fe are an illustration of the advancement that can be made in the short space of a year's time. Not so long ago it was said that Santa Fe had no public school system worthy of the name, and to-day it will proudly compare with the public school system of any other city of equal size. The lengthening of the school term and the employment of only normal school graduates as teachers are improvements still to be effected in the rural districts, but they will come in far shorter time than is now anticipated.

**Work of the Capitol Rebuilding Commission.**  
The people of the territory are justly proud of the magnificent new capitol building located in Santa Fe, and of the character, ability and sterling honesty of the members of the capitol rebuilding commission, namely, Hon. F. A. Manzanares, of Las Vegas, Maj. R. J. Palen, of Santa Fe, Hon. W. S. Hopewell, of Hillsboro, Wm. H. Pope, and Samuel G. Cartwright, of Santa Fe. The clerk of the board was Col. George W. Knaebel, and the architects I. H. and W. M. Rapp, of Las Vegas. The members of the board and the clerk worked hard and incessantly, and gave their time freely, without cost, to the territory to make the labors of the board a success.

The architects were efficient and prudent in everything that was necessary to be done in the plans and the construction of the new capitol. The funds appropriated by the territory for the construction of the edifice were honestly handled and expended in such a manner as to procure the best obtainable results at the lowest possible price and wages. The superintendent of the territorial penitentiary, Hon. H. O. Bureau, acted in conjunction with the board and furnished convict labor whenever and wherever it was needed. He did all he could to aid the plans of the board and the architect, and did most beneficial work in that respect.

Governor Otero deserves praise for his action in connection with the erection of the capitol. At the request of the board he went twice to Chicago to see the officials of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway and procure reduced freight rates, which in the aggregate saved thousands of dollars that were expended in other directions where they did the most good.

Mr. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad; Mr. Morton, second vice president, and Mr. Riddle, freight traffic manager, are also entitled to the thanks of the people for favors shown in the building of the magnificent edifice.

Mr. Manzanares, president of the board; Mr. Pope, secretary thereof, and Mr. Knaebel, clerk, and the three other members, Messrs. Palen, Hopewell and Cartwright, gave their services without stint and without compensation.

Not a charge of fraud or corruption was made during the management of the board in the five years of its existence, and when it is remembered that the cost of the capitol, put up and furnished, is less than \$150,000, where elsewhere it would have cost over \$500,000, it is certainly just and proper that the

people of the territory should feel great pride and satisfaction at such a record and achievement.

## New Mexico As a Summer Resort.

Every year at this time thousands, yes, millions, of people flock to the seashore, to the mountains, to Europe, for a change of scenery and a change of climate. It is the only opportunity for most people to learn something about the rest of the world. It is astonishing to find the great number of people in the east ignorant of that portion of their own country west of the Mississippi river. Many of those who swelter at eastern seashore resorts or among the dusty mountain resorts should take a little jaunt and come and see the glorious west. Let them cross the Mississippi and the Missouri. Let them gaze upon the Rocky mountains and their savage sublimity. Let them breathe the wonderfully invigorating air of the mountain plateaus of New Mexico. Let those who think that Italy, Switzerland and Spain alone have atmosphere and sunshine behold for once the glory of their own land and learn that at Santa Fe the air is cooler in summer than at Bar Harbor or at the Thousand Isles; that Santa Fe skies rival those of Naples and Messina; that New Mexico mountains are as picturesque as the Alps; that there is no other place on the face of the earth where there is more continual sunshine, a more invigorating air, a more equable temperature, and less extremes in heat and cold than are found right here at Santa Fe.

## The New Mexican.

The New Mexican, with the single exception of the Denver Rocky Mountain News, is the oldest paper in New Mexico, in Colorado, in Arizona and western Texas. The thirty-seventh volume of the Daily New Mexican is now being published; in addition to the daily edition the New Mexican Review is published weekly in the English language and El Nuevo Mexicano weekly in the Spanish language, by the New Mexican Printing Company.

The thirty-six completed volumes of the New Mexican present a most valuable and complete history of the territory since 1883. The paper is Republican in politics, and has been so during its entire existence, except for three years during the second Cleveland administration, when a large majority of stock was held by citizens who were Democratic in politics. While Republican in politics and a strong supporter of the present national and territorial administrations, the paper is conducted fairly, and treats its political opponents courteously and decently. It has been, since 1883, from its very first number up to date, when the ninety-first number of the thirty-seventh volume is published, a most powerful factor in the upbuilding of the best interests of the territory, in shaping political events, in advocating what is just and right and for the good of the people, and in aiding in every manner possible every section of the territory toward prosperity, happiness, wealth and peace.

Messrs. Manderfield and Tucker were the first publishers. The paper continued under their management until the winter of 1880, when the New Mexican Publishing and Printing Company was organized, and the paper was sold by Messrs. Manderfield and Tucker to that corporation. This company had control of the publications named above until June, 1883, when the New Mexican Printing Company was organized, as its successor, which from that time to the present day has been in control.

The president of the company is Max Frost, of Santa Fe, and its business manager, J. D. Hughes, also of Santa Fe. In its various departments the company employs on an average all the year around about thirty people, at good wages, and has the largest printing and book-binding establishment in New Mexico. The finest blank books that can possibly be made are manufactured by the New Mexican Printing Company. Every kind of blank work, book and job printing and binding is being done at its offices.

There is scarcely a postoffice where the paper in one of its editions is not taken at, and some of them in large numbers.

Citizens of New Mexico who have the welfare of the territory at heart frankly acknowledge and appreciate the services of the New Mexican, the New Mexican Review and El Nuevo Mexicano in working for the upbuilding of this commonwealth. The city of Santa Fe, especially, has reason to be proud of its daily newspaper, which would do credit to a city many times its size, and which is untiring in bringing to the notice of the world the advantages, the beauties and the resources of the capital city. But appreciation or no appreciation, gratitude or ingratitude, the New Mexican will continue to labor for the welfare of Santa Fe and the territory at large, and will advocate those principles which time and experience have proven to be the foundations of prosperity and progress.

## Sheep Industry in New Mexico.

This is a great year for New Mexico. From all parts come gratifying reports of the great increase in sheep and of the well being of the herds. Grass is plentiful, water is abundant, and the outlook for the present year is certainly most promising. From reports received by this paper from every part of the territory the following is the estimate of sheep in the several counties in New Mexico and owned by its citizens at this time: Rio Arriba, 530,000 head; Union, 530,000; Guadalupe, 400,000; Bernalillo, 350,000; Chaves, 300,000; Socorro, 300,000; Valencia, 275,000; San Miguel, 275,000; Eddy, 250,000; Lincoln, 225,000; Santa Fe, 200,000; Mora, 200,000; Colfax, 200,000; Taos, 150,000; Otero, San Juan, Dona Ana, Sierra and Grant counties, from 75,000 to 100,000 each.

There is every reason to believe that New Mexico to-day is the first ranking sheep-raising commonwealth in the United States. The number of sheep within the territory will, of course, be somewhat decreased when sales commence in September next, but it is certain that at the end of this year the number of sheep in New Mexico, deducting sales, killed for food and losses, will be at least 4,500,000. There are no longer of the common Mexican variety, but improved, and some highly improved, shearing on an average 5½ pounds of wool per head per annum, the wool being worth at a low estimate 13 cents per pound on the spot.

Capitol Rebuilding Board.  
Eminent Public-Spirited Citizens.  
Brief Biographical Sketches.

## F. A. MANZANARES.

President of Board Since its Organization—Prominent in Commercial Circles.

Hon. Francisco A. Manzanares, of Las Vegas, president of the capitol rebuilding board, and for many years a conspicuous personality in the commercial and business circles of New Mexico, was born in Abiquiu, Rio Arriba county, on January 25, 1843. His ancestors were from Spain, and were among the early settlers in this territory. His grandfather, Anselmo Manzanares, was the possessor of an extensive grant of land.



Hon. F. A. Manzanares.

His father, Jose Antonio Manzanares, was born on the old paternal ranch at Naaminto, Rio Arriba county, and attained distinction as a man of affairs, a member of both houses of the territorial legislature, and agent of the Ute and Apache Indians under the administration of President Lincoln. Francisco A. Manzanares was afforded the best educational advantages, attending school in turn in St. Louis and New York City, and having the benefit of private tutors in special studies. He began his business career at Kansas City, where he was identified with a wholesale grocery house for one year, and then went to New York City and completed a course in a commercial college. He was employed in a banking establishment in the national metropolis for a short time, when he returned to Kansas City, and during the construction of the Kansas Pacific railway, engaged in supplying merchandise at its several stopping places until Kit Carson was reached. He continued the same line of business along the line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, which was in course of construction. In all his undertakings in the mercantile line, L. P. Browne was his business associate, and the firm of Browne & Manzanares gained a most enviable reputation throughout the west. The house was permanently established in Las Vegas in 1873, with a branch in Socorro, and its business has grown to very large proportions. In politics, Mr. Manzanares has always been a staunch Democrat, and as such has served one term as delegate in congress, but refused a second nomination for the high office because he felt that he could not afford to neglect his expanding private business for the sake of political preferment. He has been president of the capitol rebuilding board since its organization, and his experienced judgment and rare knowledge of affairs have been of great value to the board.

## MAJOR R. J. PALEN.

President of First National Bank—Member of Board Since September, '97. Major Rufus J. Palen, president of the First National Bank of Santa Fe, and a member of the capitol rebuilding board, was born at Hudson, Columbia



Hon. R. J. Palen.

county, New York, on January 13, 1843. His father, Hon. Joseph G. Palen, who served as chief justice of New Mexico from 1869 to 1875, was a lawyer of distinguished ability and learning, and naturally afforded his son the best educational advantages. Circumstances took the young man out to Romeo, Michigan, in 1859, where he continued his studies in the local academy for two years. In 1861, he entered the classical department of Michigan University, and completed the freshman year. Meanwhile he was seized with the prevailing war fever and enlisted in a regiment for three months, but by that time the government realized that it had a serious war on hand and declined to accept any more three months' enlistments. In the early part of this sketch went back to his home in New York to spend his vacation, and in July of that year entered the army as 2d lieutenant of company G, 128th New York volunteers, and served in that regiment for one year. He was then commissioned as major of one of the colored regiments raised by General Banks in Louisiana, and took part in

the bloody siege of Port Gibson and the Red river expedition. He was mustered out in January, 1866, and soon after assumed the duties of a responsible position in the Hudson postoffice, where he was continuously employed until he came to Santa Fe in July, 1873, to accept the positions of clerk of the district court for the first judicial district and clerk of the New Mexico supreme court. He held these positions until October, 1876, when he returned to his boyhood home in Hudson for two years. In the summer of 1878 he returned to Santa Fe and in October of that year entered the service of the First National Bank as assistant cashier, and has ever since been actively connected with the management of the affairs of this well-known financial institution as assistant cashier and president. Major Palen served as territorial treasurer from 1891 to 1895, and has been a member of the capitol rebuilding commission since September 4, 1897.

## W. S. HOPEWELL.

Prominent in Business and Political Circles—An Original Member of Board.

Willard S. Hopewell was born in Chester, England, in 1848, and at the age of 14 years, emigrated to Canada with his parents. His education was obtained in private schools in England and Canada. Being of an adventurous spirit, in 1864 and 1865, he was engaged in blockade running between Halifax, Nassau, Charleston and Mobile. He



Hon. W. S. Hopewell.

lived in the West Indies until 1867, engaged in commercial pursuits. In 1867 he came to the United States, going to California, and later to Arizona, where he engaged in mining and prospecting, from 1868 to 1870, with varied success.

His adventurous disposition took him to Central and South America, where he was busy in mining, and he also managed a coffee plantation for a couple of years. He then took a trip to Australia and the South Pacific Islands on a trading vessel, thus seeing a good deal of the world and passing through many strange and dangerous scenes and adventures. Returning to New York City, he remained there a few months, going thence to Colorado, where he lived until 1879, engaged in mining and prospecting, settled in Sierra county and engaged in ranching, stock-raising and mining. Since that time he has been a valued citizen of New Mexico. He was a member of the 20th legislative assembly, representing Sierra and Socorro counties. He was appointed a member of the capitol rebuilding commission by Governor Thornton and reappointed by Governor Otero, and held that important office until the present. He is still a resident of Hillsboro, Sierra county, and has large interests in stock-raising and mining in that county, and other sections of New Mexico.

## S. G. CARTWRIGHT.

Member of One of Santa Fe's Strong Mercantile Firms—Energetic, Enterprising.

S. G. Cartwright was born at Mediapolis, Iowa, on June 11, 1869. As his name indicates, he comes of an old English family, a younger branch of which has long been settled in the United States.

He received his education at the public schools of his native town and at the State University of Iowa, from which institution he graduated Ph. B. cum laude, class of 1892.

It was Mr. Cartwright's intention to practice law, and with that end in view he took a year's course of lectures at the law school of his alma mater, but on visiting his brother, Mr. H. B. Cartwright, at Santa Fe, during the summer of 1892, he became so favorably impressed with the climatic advantages, and the favorable outlook for the material prosperity of New Mexico, that he accepted the junior part-



Hon. S. G. Cartwright.

nership offered him in the firm of H. B. Cartwright & Brother, and has been identified therewith ever since.

In politics, Mr. Cartwright is a Republican, and has taken an active part in local politics. He was president of the McKinley and Hobart club during the campaign of 1896, and contributed to the success of the territorial and county tickets in that memorable canvass. He has also served two terms as city treasurer.

Mr. Cartwright is a member of the various Masonic bodies, and is past eminent commander of Santa Fe Commandery No. 1. He is also past consul commander of Coronado Camp No. 3, Woodmen of the World.

Mr. Cartwright was appointed on the capitol rebuilding board to fill a vacancy three years ago, since which time he has served on the same, and proven himself a very valuable member.

Mr. Cartwright was married to his college classmate, Miss Bertha Straub, at her home in Mount Pleasant, Io., on October 10, 1895. They have three children, and with them occupy one of the most pleasant homes in Santa Fe.

## WILLIAM H. POPE.

Recognized as an Able Attorney—Secretary of the Board for Years.

William H. Pope, the secretary of the capitol rebuilding commission, and the secretary of the committee on arrangements for the dedication ceremonies of yesterday, has been a resident of New Mexico since May, 1894.

Mr. Pope was born in Beaufort, South Carolina, on June 14, 1870. He removed to Atlanta, Ga., while still a boy, graduating from the Atlanta High School, and subsequently at the University of Georgia, in each instance with first honors.

Upon the completion of his college and law course in 1890, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Atlanta, becoming in time a junior member of the law firm of which Hon. Hoke Smith, then secretary of the interior, was the head. Induced by the superior climate of New Mexico to come west, Mr. Pope chose as a location the city



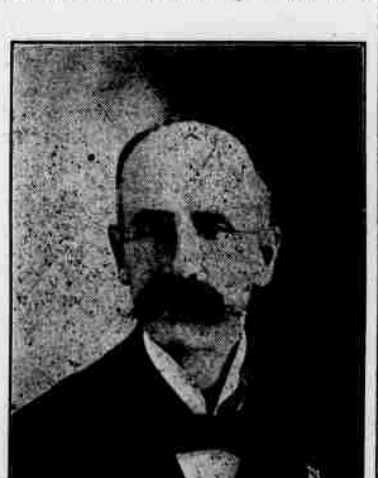
Hon. W. H. Pope.

of Santa Fe, where he has resided for the past six years in the practice of his profession. Since March, 1896, Mr. Pope has, in addition to the general practice of his profession, discharged the duties of assistant United States attorney for the court of private land claims, a position which he still holds. Upon the organization of the capitol rebuilding commission, he was appointed by Governor Thornton, a member thereof, and was subsequently reappointed by Governor Otero. For the past two years he has served as secretary of that commission, and much of the executive work of the commission has devolved upon him.

## COL. GEO. W. KNAEBEL.

Clerk of the Board Since its Organization—Enviable Reputation as an Attorney.

Col. Geo. W. Knaebel, who has faithfully served as clerk of the capitol rebuilding board since its organization, was born in Brooklyn, New York, on October 27, 1845, and was educated in the public schools of his native city. He served in the United States navy during the civil war, enlisting January, 1864, as engineer's yeoman on the U. S.



Col. Geo. W. Knaebel.

gunboat, Juka, and continuing as such until the close of the war. He participated in the naval battle of Mobile under the leadership of the famous Admiral Farragut. At the close of the war he returned to Brooklyn, and in 1867 was appointed deputy clerk of the city court there. In 1875 he was promoted to the chief clerkship of that court, and held such position until 1883. Meanwhile he devoted his leisure hours to the study of law in the office of Pray, Knaebel & Pray, John H. Knaebel being a member of the firm, and was admitted to practice in the New York supreme court on December 18, 1888. From 1883 to April, 1887, he practiced law in New York; came to Santa Fe in April, 1887, where he has since resided in the practice of his profession; was twice commander of the Grand Army of the Republic for the department of

New Mexico; served as adjutant general of New Mexico under the administration of Governor Thornton. In politics he declares himself independent, and not subject to hypnotism: "thinks and acts for himself; is a protectionist, in his opinion, free trade would degrade American labor; is for free silver, with the consent of any nation on earth to whom we are financially obligated; will not discuss 'expansion' or 'imperialism' until all those who have been freed from the thralldom of Spain by the United States have decency enough to admit it in a hearty and manly manner."

Colonel Knaebel has large property interests in Santa Fe and is a valued and respected citizen.

## EDWARD L. BARTLETT.

Serving His Fifth Term As Solicitor General of New Mexico.

## BRILLIANT, PROGRESSIVE

Edward L. Bartlett, chairman of the invitation committee, has been a resident of Santa Fe for the last nineteen years, during which time he has been identified with all matters of public interest of the city and territory. He was twice president of the Santa Fe Board of Trade, was chairman of the commission to compile the laws in 1884, and again on the commission that recompiled them in 1897, and is now serving his fifth term as solicitor general of the territory.

His connection with the rebuilding of the capitol began immediately on the passage of the act authorizing its reconstruction, when he organized a citizen's committee to furnish the means for proceeding at once with the work in carrying away the remains of the old building in order that when the bonds were sold there might be no delay in commencing the reconstruction.

This committee obtained something over \$5,000 by subscriptions from our citizens, which was expended in preparing the site for the new edifice. This money was afterwards returned by the capitol rebuilding board from the proceeds of bonds sold, but in the meantime work was advanced at least three months by reason of the action of the committee. Since this time he has been very much interested in the reconstruction of the building, and has given assistance to the rebuilding board in every way within his power.



Gen. E. L. Bartlett.

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## MAGNIFICENT MONUMENTS.

Messrs. I. H. and W. B. Rapp, Have Been Architects of Many Fine Buildings.

Sir Christopher Wren, the famous architect of St. Paul's Cathedral, in London, is quoted as saying: "If you seek my monument, look around you." Of Messrs. I. H. and W. B. Rapp, the architects of the new capitol, it may likewise be said that any one who seeks a monument to their professional industry, zeal and intelligence have only to look upon and through the magnificent new building yesterday dedicated. From the massive foundations to the pinnacle of the lofty dome each and every feature and proportion of the building bears testimony to the artistic skill and discrimination of these gentlemen. Although originally residents of Chicago, the Messrs. Rapp have been for a number of years residents of the territory, and have been closely identified with some of its most important enterprises. They belong to a family of architects, the father of four sons, two being at present actively engaged in the practice of the profession. Among the public buildings, other than the capitol, of which they have been the architects, are the New Mexico normal school, and the territorial insane asylum, both at Las Vegas, the new buildings for the agricultural college at Las Cruces and the court houses in Colfax and Union counties. A large number of private buildings and residences throughout the territory also bear witness to their artistic taste and professional skill, among the latter being the magnificent Masonic temple in Las Vegas. The splendid work accomplished by this firm assures for it a continued increase in public appreciation and patronage, and constant accessions to what is already one of the largest clientles in the southwest.

## WILD FLOWERS OF SANTA FE.

A School Composition By Cassie Cross, 7th Grade.

The Rocky mountains are noted for their beautiful wild flowers. In some of their deep, dark ravines the loveliest lilies and bulbous flowers are found. The tiger lily is one of the most regal of this species. On the Pecos they grow almost rank, and it is wonderful to see them growing in dense masses on the mountain side, where almost no water can reach them. In the Santa Fe canon, where it is damp and wild, stately ferns protrude their graceful heads. The cardinal plant is another pretty flower that thrives in the Santa Fe canon. It is of a bright red color, and is a long bell-shaped flower. It has no fragrance, however. But this is not very singular, as most of the wild flowers that grow in the Rocky mountains are devoid of fragrance. The wild syringa is one of the exceptions.

The wild dog-toothed violet is greatly sought for by botanists. About the first flowers that greet one in the early springtime are the modest little purple

and white violets, which, to me, are the most attractive wild flowers we have. The daisy family is well represented. Along the Pecos river large white, purple and yellow daisies can be found. The white daisy is prettiest, I think, as it is larger than the others, and grows in such beautiful white clusters. We have some growing in our garden, and visitors very often mistake them for the cultivated marguerite.

If I were to undertake to tell you all about the flowers that grow on the Pecos and in other parts of the territory it would require a volume, so I will only touch on the beauties and merits of the wild flowers nearer home. The seed of the wild cosmos was found in this territory and sent to John Lewis Child, of Philadelphia, by Miss Lee, of Albuquerque. It was brought out in his catalogue as a novelty, and is now one of the most popular of cultivated flowers.

The Indian warrior, or devil's paintbrush, is a hardy little red flower that is found on nearly all the hills around Santa Fe. It grows in dry places among the rocks, where it receives little or no water. Among the wild flowers that thrive on the hills and in the canons about Santa Fe are the following: Phlox, spiderwort, white and yellow primroses, morning glories, the veronica, geranium, wild iris or blue-eyed grass, black-eyed susans, bluebells, red, white and purple columbine, the oxalis, Dutchman's breeches and Jack-in-the-pulpit. There is an old legend about the Jack-in-the-pulpit which claims that the dark purple stains on the flower were received at the crucifixion.

"Beneath the cross it grew, And in the vase-like hollow of the leaf, Catching from that dread shower of agony

A few mysterious drops, transmitted thus Unto the groves and hills their healing stains— A heritage for storm or vernal shower, Never to blow away."

## SOCIETIES.

## MASONIC.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m. HATCO BLIGHT, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m. HATCO BLIGHT, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, E. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m. S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. C. MISS ALLIE BROWN, Secretary.

F. S. DAVIS, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

AZTLAN LODGE No. 1, I. O. O. F., meet every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. JOHN C. SHANE, Secretary.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F., Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. MISS ALLIE BROWN, Noble Grand. MISS ALLIE BROWN, Secretary.

K. O. F. F.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. F., Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights give a cordial welcome. Chancery Commande WENDELL V. HALL, K. of R. and S.

A. O. U. W.

GOLDEN LODGE No. 3, A. O. U. W., meets every second Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights give a cordial welcome. W. S. HARRISON, Master Workman. JOHN C. SHANE, Recorder.

B. P. O. ELKS.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E., holds its regular sessions on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome. J. A. MASTERS, Exalted Ruler. T. J. HELM, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIERS, Attorney at law. Will practice in all territorial courts. Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNAEBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office Catron Block.

CHAS. F. HASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

R. C. GORTNER, Attorney at Law. District attorney for the 1st judicial district, counties of Santa Fe, San Juan, Rio Arriba and Taos. Practices in all courts of the territory. Offices in the Masonic Building and Court House, Santa Fe, New Mexico.